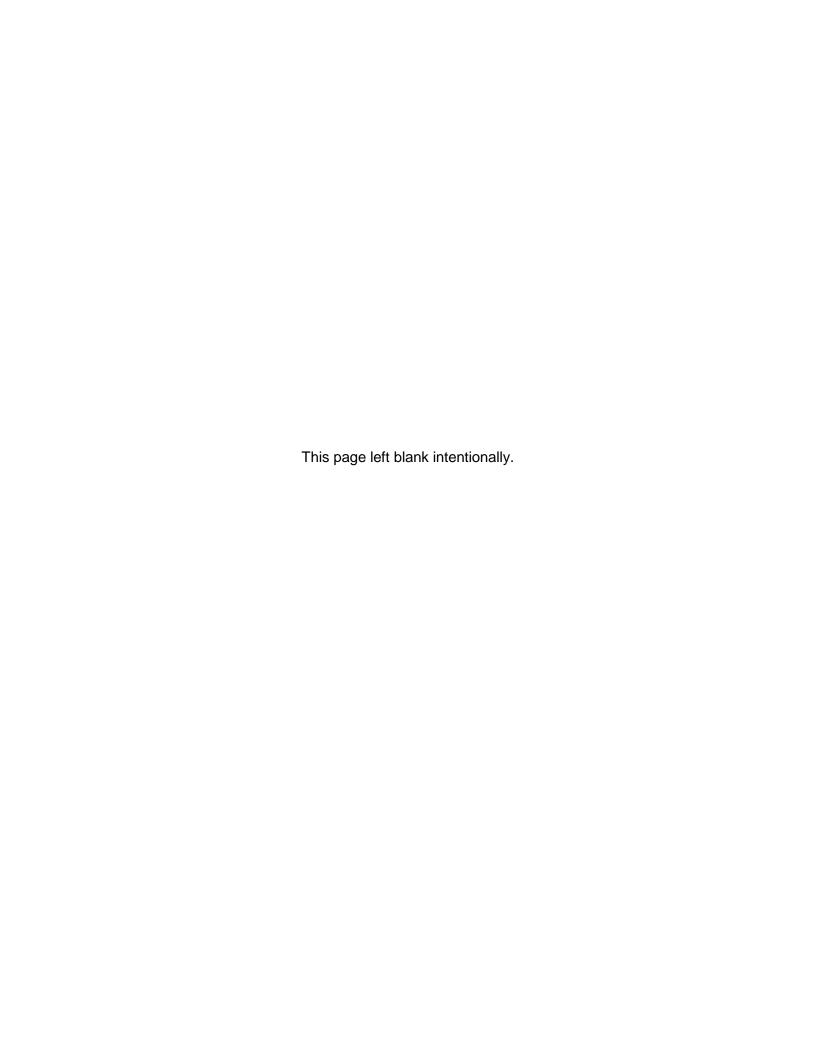
BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015



BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PRESIDENT ROBERT HOGAN

VICE PRESIDENT IVAN GUERRA

TREASURER ANA MALDONADO

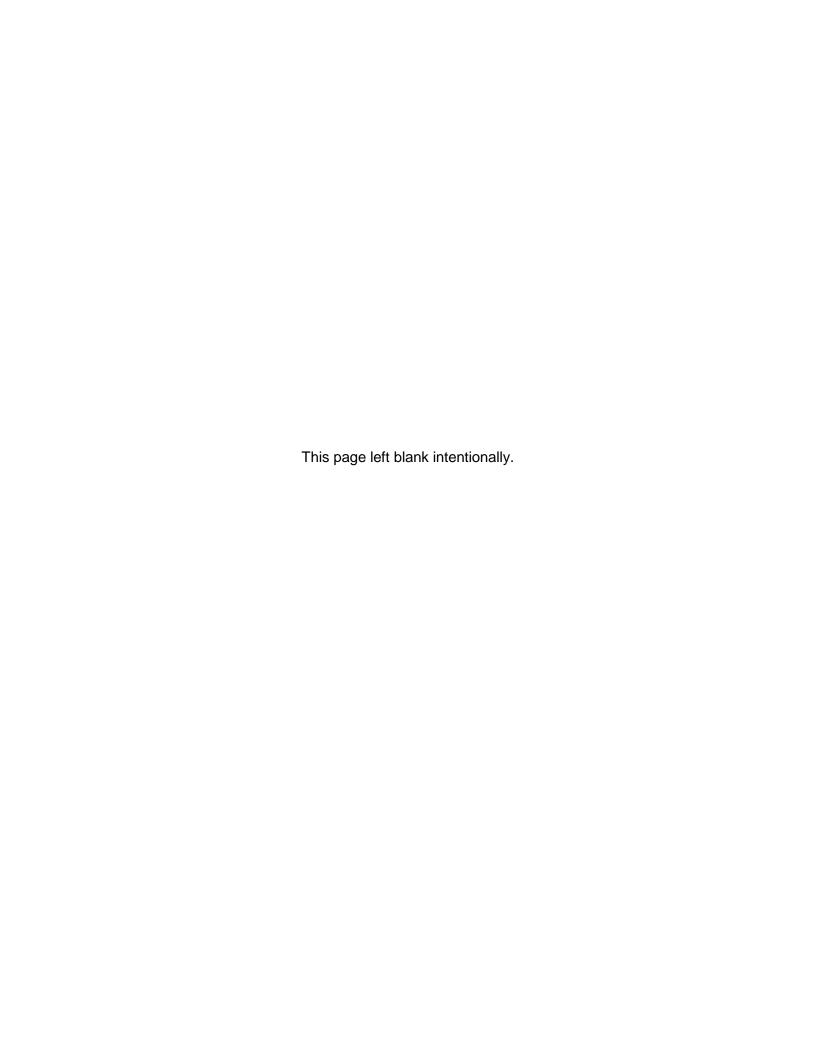
SECRETARY YOLANDA MORA

ASSISTANT TREASURER EDDIE ORTIZ

ATTORNEY BURNS, ANDERSON, JURY & BRENNER, LLP

MARGARET NIXON, CPA

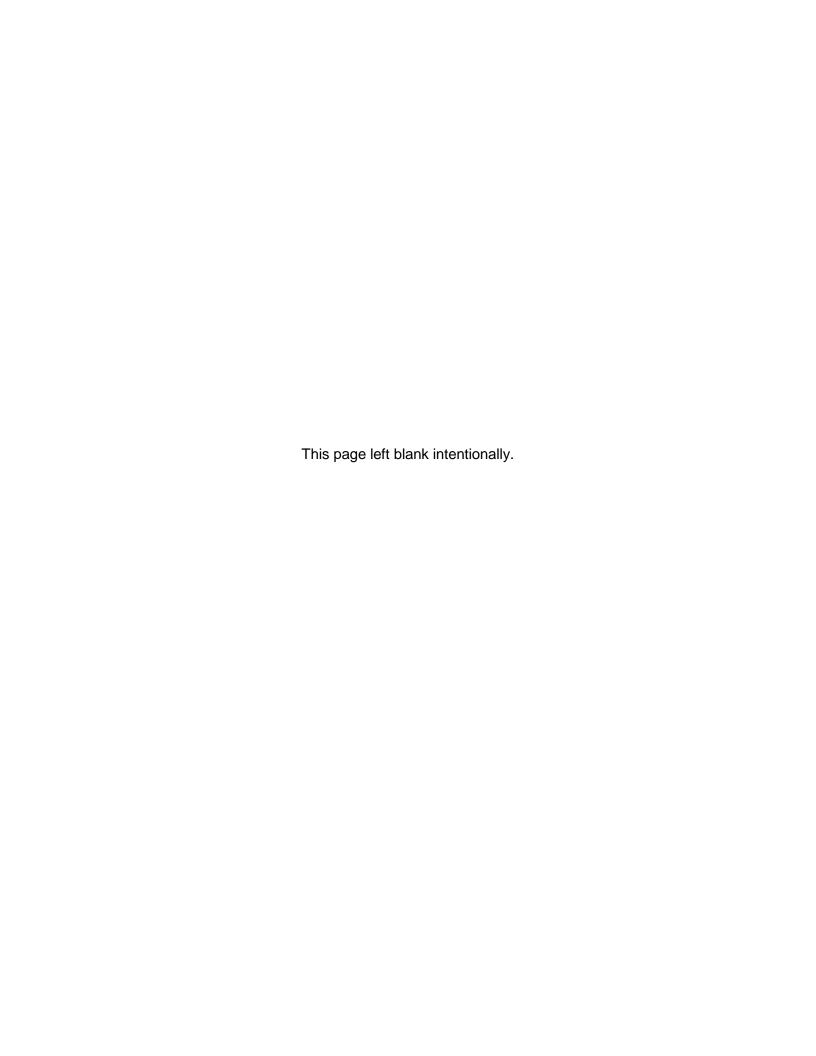
AUDITOR



BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE DISTRICT OFFICIALS TABLE OF CONTENTS	AGE i ii iii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	8
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	9
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	10
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	11
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	12
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	13
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	14
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	23
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND	24
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	25
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	26
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS – GENERAL FUND	27
COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND	28



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

District Commissioners
Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

14949 Marin Hollow Helotes, Texas 78023 Phone: 210-827-5353 Fax: 281-254-7847 mnixon@mnixoncpa.com

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and budgetary comparison information, on pages 3-7 and 23-25, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bexar County Emergency District No. 1 basic financial statements. The comparative statements section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required to be part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The comparative statements have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them

Margaret Nixon, CPA May 25, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$79,835 at September 30, 2015.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$5,640 less than the \$621,968 generated in taxes and other miscellaneous revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased by \$60,074 from last year, but no programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$70,201.
- The District did not issue bonds during fiscal year ending September 30, 2015

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

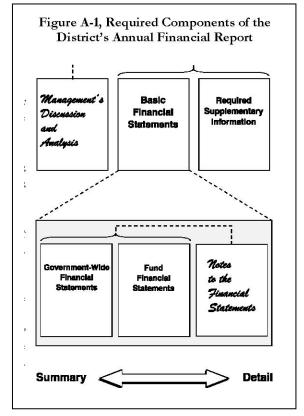


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund Statement
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position. Statement of activities.	Balance Sheet. Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used-up and liabilities that become due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets.
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during of soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities as applicable. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as Emergency Services and general administration. Property taxes finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$79,835 at September 30, 2015. (See Table A-1). The \$79,835 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Table A-1
Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1 Net Position
(In thousands dollars)

	Govern Activ	Total Percentage Change	
	2015	2014	2015 - 2014
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 77.3	\$ 67.5	14.5%
Taxes Receivable	9.6	11.4	-15.8%
TOTAL ASSETS	86.9	78.9	10.1%
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	5.9	2.3	156.5%
Payroll Liabilities	1.2	2.4	-50.0%
Total Liabilities	7.1	4.7	51.1%
Net Position			
Unrestricted	79.8	74.2	7.5%
TOTAL NET POSITION	79.8	74.2	7.5%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 86.9	\$ 78.9	10.1%

Changes in Net Position. The District's total revenues were \$621,968. All of the District's revenue comes from taxes and investment income. There was no state aid or grants during the fiscal year.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$616,328.

Governmental Activities

• Property tax appraisals increased resulting in increased tax revenues of \$68,830.

Table A-2
Changes in District's Net Position
(In thousands dollars)

	Goverr Activ	nmental rities	Total Percentage Change
	2015	2014	2015 - 2014
General Revenues			
Total General Revenues	\$ 622.0	\$ 561.0	10.9%
Total Revenues	622.0	561.0	10.9%
General Expenses General Administration Emergency Services Total Expenses	103.7 512.6 616.3	96.7 459.6 556.3	7.2% 11.5% 10.8%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 5.7	\$ 4.7	21.3%

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars.

• The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$616,328 and were financed 100% through taxes.

Table A-3Net Cost of Selected District Functions

		Governmental Activities			
	2015	2014	2015 - 2014		
General Expenses					
General Administration	\$ 103.7	\$ 96.7	7.2%		
Emergency Services	512.6	459.6	11.5%		
Total Expenses	\$ 616.3	\$ 556.3	10.8%		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$618,870. The increase in local revenues is a result of higher property appraisals. Additionally, significant population growth will result in increased expenses for emergency services.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget. Actual expenditures were \$7,246 less than budget amounts. The most significant variances resulted from administrative expense.

Revenues were \$19,547 more than final budgeted amount. The decrease in revenues is due to management's conservative approach of estimating revenues.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2015, the District had no capital assets.

Long Term Debt

As of September 30, 2015, the District had no outstanding long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2016 budget preparation has increased and revenue projections have increased.
- General operating fund spending increased in the 2016 budget from the 2015 actual expenditures of \$616,328 to \$697,898. This is a 13.2% increase.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2016. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$677,556, an increase of 9.5% over the 2015 actual revenue of \$618,870. Property taxes will increase due to the increased appraised values. The District will adjust expenditures to finance programs the District currently offers.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund balance is expected to decrease by the close of 2016.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide District No. 1 citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Administrator by phone at 210-310-1838.

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BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	 ernmental ctivities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 77,349
Taxes Receivable	 9,634
TOTAL ASSETS	 86,983
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	5,952
Payroll Liabilities	1,196
Total Liabilities	 7,148
Net Position	
Unrestricted	 79,835
TOTAL NET POSITION	 79,835
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 86,983

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		_		Program Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense)		
Functions and Programs	Charges for ams Expenses Services		rams Expens		or	Grant	rating ts and butions		Total overnment Activities
Governmental Activities									
General Administration Emergency Services	\$	(103,704) (512,624)	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	(103,704) (512,624)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(616,328)	\$	-	\$	-		(616,328)	
General Revenues									
Property Taxes								619,256	
Other Income								2,712	
Total General Revenues								621,968	
Change in Net Position								5,640	
Net Position at Beginning of Year								74,195	
Net Position at End of Year							\$	79,835	

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable	\$	77,349 9,634
Total Assets		86,983
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		5,952
Payroll Liabilities		1,196
Total Liabilities		7,148
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		9,634
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned		70,201
Total Fund Balance		70,201
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	86,983

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

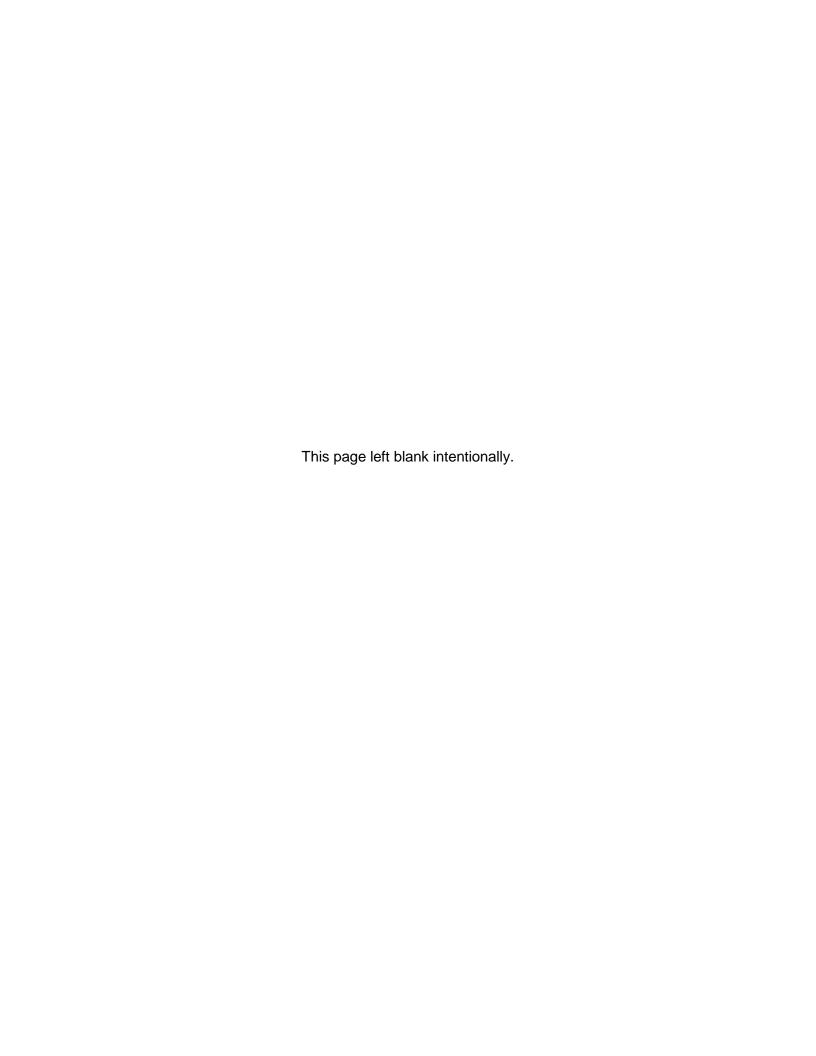
TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 70,201
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Taxes receivable on the Statement of Net Position that do not provide current financial	
resources are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.	 9,634
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 79,835

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	•	General Fund
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$	616,158
Interest and Other Income		2,712
Total Revenues		618,870
EXPENDITURES		
Emergency Services		512,624
Administrative		69,340
Office Facilities		22,933
Professional Fees		9,060
Equipment		1,274
Training		674
Public Information		423
Total Expenditures		616,328
Revenues over (under) expenditures		2,542
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		67,659
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	70,201

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 2,542
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change of property tax receivable reported in the statement of activities does not provide current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as revenue in the governmental fund.	 3,098
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,640



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1 is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was created by the Bexar County Commissioners' Court after a Public Election on May 13, 2001. The District was created to provide emergency services and promote public safety, welfare, health and convenience of persons residing in the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there was no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported mainly by property taxes.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund meets the criteria of a *major governmental fund*. The District has no other governmental funds.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes which were levied prior to September 30, 2014, and became due October 1, 2014 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, emergency services and management.

The District has no other major governmental funds.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the District.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

E. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d); or, (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The District has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts or certificates of deposit. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly.

F. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

G. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as inflow of resource in the period the amount becomes available.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue.

H. FUND BALANCE

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

H. FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Restricted – Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – Represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The District may make assignments and has chosen not to delegate that authority to any other individuals.

Unassigned – Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the District

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the District wishes restricted balances to be spent first, committed second, and assigned third.

I. NET POSITION

Net Position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

J. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amounts of the District's deposits in the bank were fully covered by federal deposit insurance and pledge securities.

2. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District had no investments at September 30, 2015.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS (Cont.)

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 3 -- AD VALOREM (PROPERTY) TAXES

Taxes were levied on and payable as of October 1. The District has contracted with the Bexar County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For tax year 2014, the assessed tax rate for the District was \$0.10 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$616,026,960 used to fund 2015 activities. Total tax levy for fiscal year 2015 was \$616,027. As of September 30, 2015, the delinquent current taxes for 2015 were \$9,634.

NOTE 4 -- CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATION OF EXPENDITURES

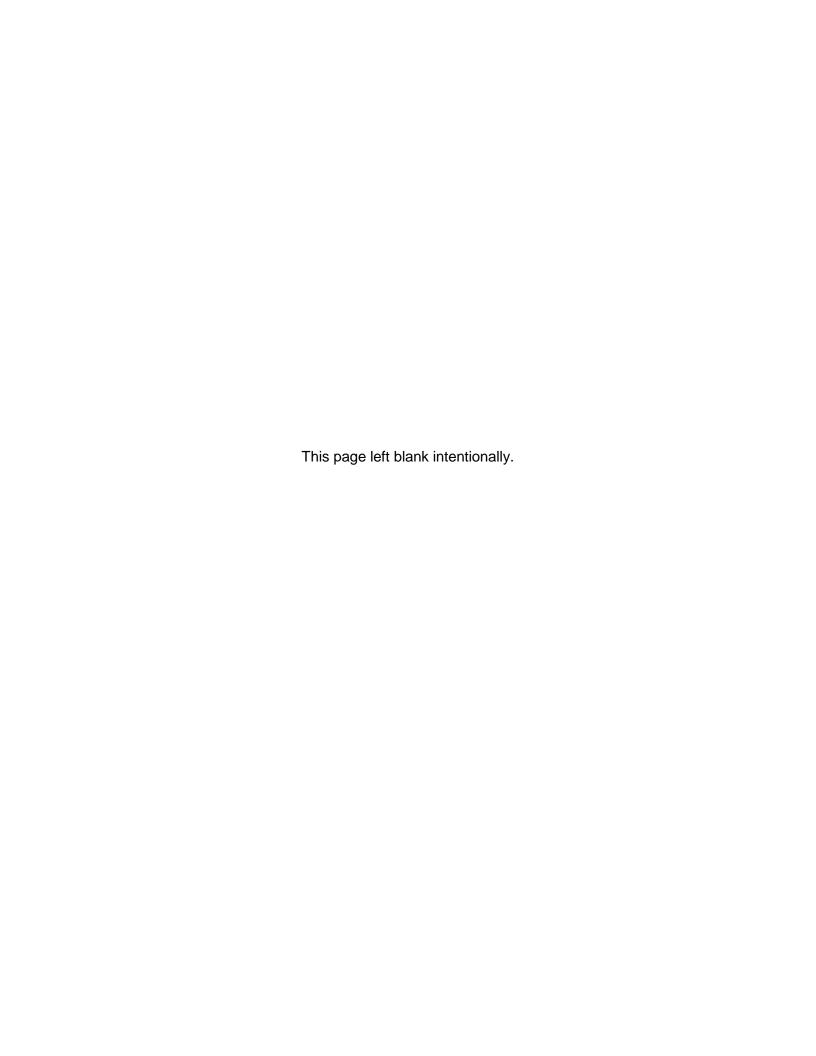
For fiscal year 2015, the District paid the City of Converse \$512,624 for emergency services to the District. These costs represented 83% of the District's total expenditures. The District, upon approval of the board, can provide additional necessary funds to the Department to deliver contracted services.

NOTE 6 – SERVICE PROVIDERS

The District is currently engaged with the City of Converse to provide emergency services to the District. The District pays a fixed quarterly amount to the service provider.

NOTE 7 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To cover this risk the District contracts with the Volunteer Firemen's Insurance Services (VFIS) of Texas to provide insurance coverage for Property/Casualty. VFIS is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by VFIS. Liability by the District is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2015, were \$1,213.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Budget Amounts			Budget Amounts				ariance vorable
		Original		Final	Actual		(Unf	avorable)	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	589,223	\$	595,223	\$	609,509	\$	14,286	
Delinquent Taxes		4,000		4,000		6,649		2,649	
Interest and Other Income		100		100		2,712		2,612	
TOTAL REVENUES		593,323		599,323		618,870		19,547	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Emergency Services		512,624		512,624		512,624		-	
Administrative		63,600		74,050		69,340		4,710	
Office Facilities		26,550		24,450		22,933		1,517	
Professional Fees		7,200		9,650		9,060		590	
Equipment		1,500		1,300		1,274		26	
Training		-		-		674		(674)	
Public Information		1,400		700		423		277	
Lodging & Transportation		1,700		800		-		800	
Directors Fees		2,000		-		-		-	
Membership Fees		1,000		-				-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		617,574		623,574		616,328		7,246	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		(24,251)		(24,251)		2,542		26,793	
Fund Balance - October 1		67,659		67,659		67,659			
Fund Balance - September 30	\$	43,408	\$	43,408	\$	70,201	\$	26,793	

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Budgetary Information – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's Board and as such is a good management control device.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments must be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Balance Sheet General Fund
- Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015		2014	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable	\$	77,349 9,634	\$	67,455 11,358
Total Assets		86,983		78,813
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		5,952		4,618
Payroll Liabilities		1,196		-
Total Liabilities		7,148		4,618
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		9,634		6,536
Fund Balance				
Unassigned		70,201		67,659
Total Fund Balance		70,201		67,659
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	86,983	\$	78,813

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND FOR YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014	
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 616,158	\$ 553,049	
Interest and Other Income	2,712	10,592	
Total Revenues	618,870	563,641	
EXPENDITURES			
Emergency Services	512,624	459,551	
Administrative	69,340	57,136	
Office Facilities	22,933	26,781	
Professional Fees	9,060	6,310	
Equipment	1,274	3,547	
Training	674	1,849	
Public Information	423	880	
Directors Fees		200	
Total Expenditures	616,328	556,254	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,542	7,387	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	67,659	60,272	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 70,201	\$ 67,659	

