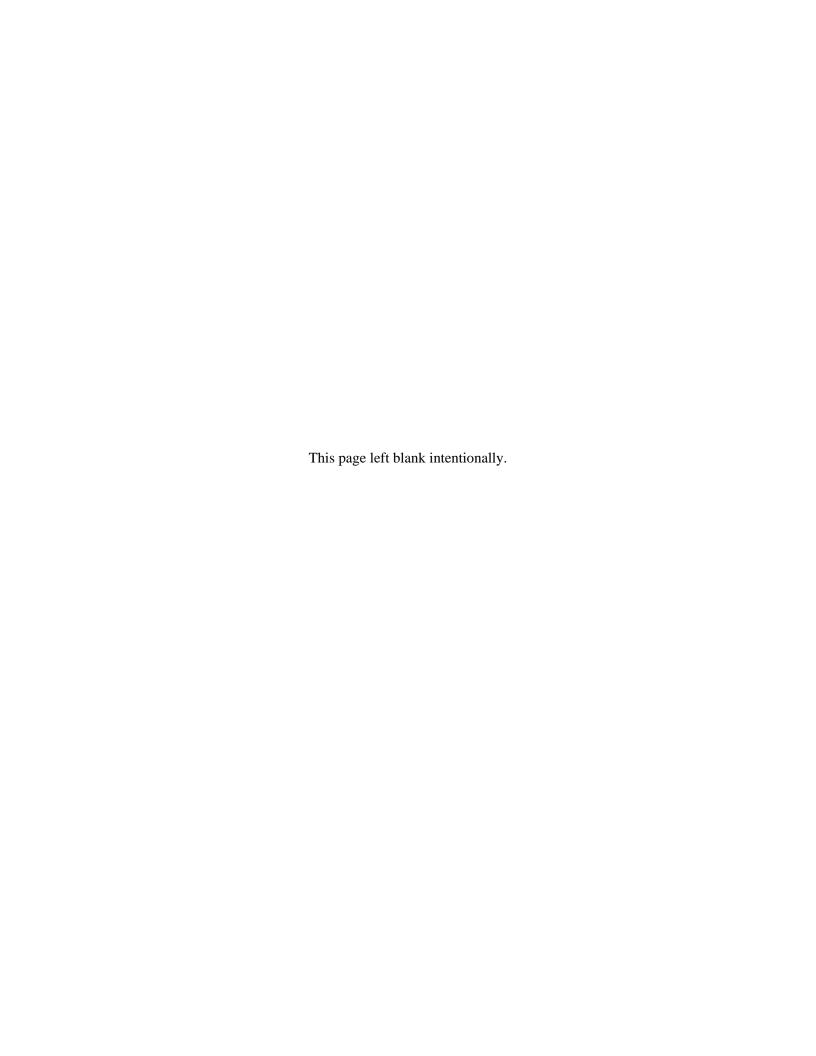
## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



### BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PRESIDENT

VICE PRESIDENT

EDDIE ORTIZ

SECRETARY/TREASURER

STACY GEORGE

ASSISTANT/TREASURER

BENARDO GALINDO

MEMBER

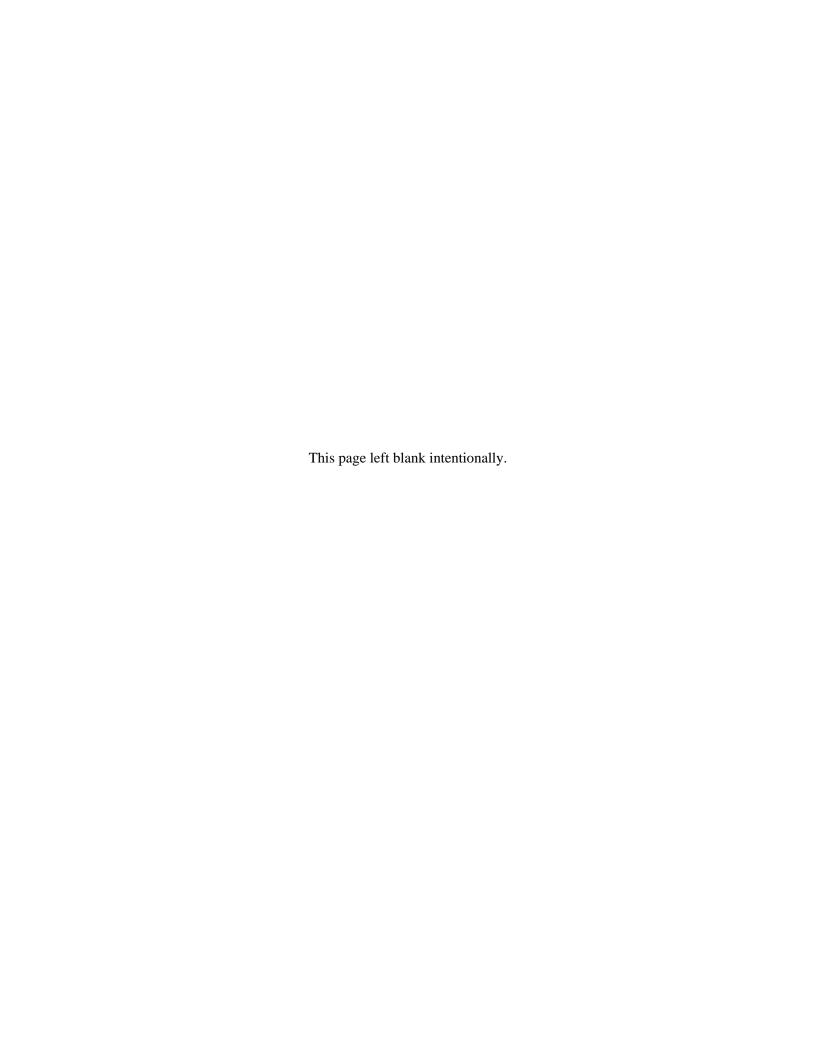
ROBERT HOGAN

ATTORNEY

BURNS, ANDERSON, JURY & BRENNER, LLP

MARGARET NIXON, CPA

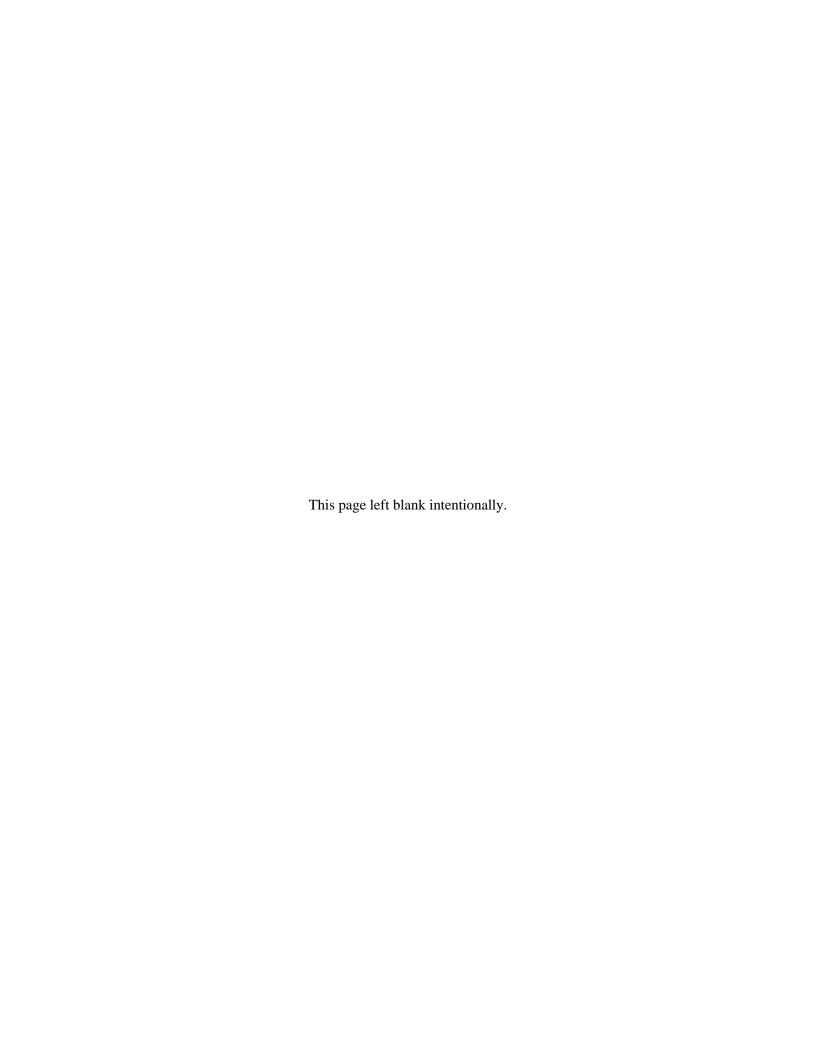
**AUDITOR** 



## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

District Commissioners Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1

Report on the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis of Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether these are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such, information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and our knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Margaret Nixon, CPA

(anget d)

San Antonio, Texas

May 25, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$596,187 at September 30, 2022.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$75,094 less than the \$1,226,861 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased by \$131,714 from last year, but no programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$570,786.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

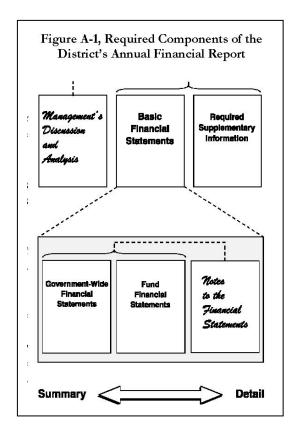


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements						
		Fund Statement				
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds				
Scope	Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary.				
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position.     Statement of activities.	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet.</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.</li> </ul>				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used-up and liabilities that become due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included.				
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.				

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities as applicable. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as Emergency Services and general administration. Property and Sales taxes finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Net position.** The District's combined net position was \$596,187 at September 30, 2022. (See Table A-1).

The \$596,187 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund next year programs.

**Table A-1**Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1 Net Position (Amounts in thousands)

T-4-1

			Total			
	Govern	Percentage				
	Activ	Activities				
	2022	2022 2021				
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	576.7	\$ 502.2	14.8%			
Taxes Receivable	25.8	24.7	4.5%			
TOTAL ASSETS	602.5	526.9	14.3%			
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	4.2	3.7	13.5%			
Payroll Liabilities	2.1	2.1	0.0%			
Total Liabilities	6.3	5.8	8.6%			
Net Position						
Unrestricted	596.2	521.1	14.4%			
TOTAL NET POSITION	596.2	521.1	14.4%			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 602.5	\$ 526.9	14.3%			

**Changes in Net Position**. The District's total revenues were \$1,226,861. The District revenues come from taxes, charges for services, and interest income. There was no state aid or grants during the fiscal year.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$1,151,767.

### **Governmental Activities**

The property tax rate was \$0.09651 per \$100 and property tax revenues resulted in an increase of \$89,905.

Table A-2
Changes in District's Net Position
(Amounts in thousands)

,	,		Total				
	Govern	Governmental					
	Activ	vities	Change				
	2022	2021	2022 - 2021				
General Revenues							
Total General Revenues	1,226.9	\$ 1,136.9	7.9%				
Total Revenues	1,226.9	1,136.9	7.9%				
General Expenses							
General Administration	153.4	136.3	12.5%				
Emergency Services	998.4	883.7	13.0%				
Total Expenses	1,151.8	1,020.0	12.9%				
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 75.1	\$ 116.9	-35.8%				

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars.

• The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$1,151,767 and were financed 100% through property taxes.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected District Functions
(Amounts in thousands)

					Total
		Gover	Percentage		
		Acti	Change		
		2022		2021	2022 - 2021
General Expenses	ф	150 4	ф	126.2	10.50/
General Administration	\$	153.4	\$	136.3	12.5%
Emergency Services		998.4		883.7	13.0%
Total Expenses	\$	1,151.8	\$	1,020.0	12.9%

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$1,224,501. The increase in local revenues is a result of growth. Additionally, significant population growth will result in increased expenses for emergency services.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget. Actual expenditures were \$18,554 less than budget amounts. The most significant variances resulted from emergency services and administrative expenses.

Revenues were \$35,484 more than final budgeted amount. The increase in revenues is due to collections being higher than expected.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of September 30, 2022, the District had no capital assets.

#### **Long Term Debt**

As of September 30, 2022, the District had no outstanding long-term debt.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2023 budget preparation has increased and revenue projections have increased.
- General operating fund spending increased in the 2023 budget from the 2022 actual expenditures of \$1,151,767 to \$1,380,991. This is a 19.9% increase.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2023. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$1,487,509, an increase of 21.5% over the 2022 actual revenue of \$1,224,501. Property taxes will increase due to growth. The District will adjust expenditures to finance programs the District currently offers.

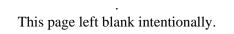
If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund balance is expected to increase by \$106,518 the close of 2023.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide District No. 1 citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Administrator.

Mailing Address: 8275 FM78 #2, Converse, TX 78109

Telephone: 210-310-1838 Web Site: https://esd1.org/



## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
  - Governmental funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	576,715	
Taxes Receivable		25,800	
TOTAL ASSETS		602,515	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		4,235	
Payroll Liabilities		2,093	
Total Liabilities		6,328	
Net Position			
Unrestricted		596,187	
TOTAL NET POSITION		596,187	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	602,515	

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		_	Program Revenues				et Revenue Expense)				
Functions and Programs	Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		f	rges or vices	Grant	rating ts and butions	 Total overnment Activities
Governmental Activities											
General Administration Emergency Services	\$	(153,361) (998,406)	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$ (153,361) (998,406)				
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(1,151,767)	\$	-	\$	_	 (1,151,767)				
General Revenues Property Taxes Other Income							 1,226,720 141				
Total General Revenues							 1,226,861				
Change in Net Position							75,094				
Net Position at Beginning of Year							 521,093				
Net Position at End of Year							\$ 596,187				

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	576,715
Taxes Receivable		25,800
Total Assets		602,515
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		4,235
Payroll Liabilities		2,093
Total Liabilities		6,328
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		25,401
FUND BALANCE		
Unassigned		570,786
Total Fund Balance		570,786
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	602,515

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

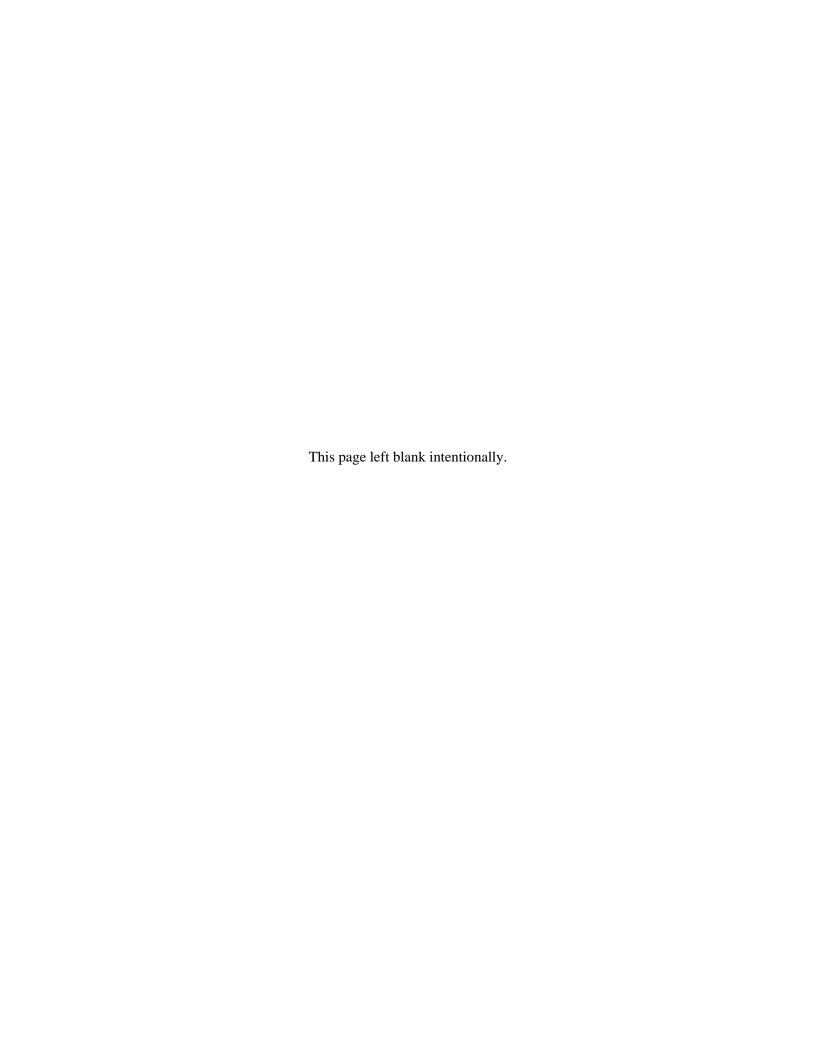
TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 570,786
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Taxes receivable on the Statement of Net Position that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.	25,401
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 596,187

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$	1,224,360
Interest and Other Income		141
Total Revenues		1,224,501
EXPENDITURES		
Emergency Services		998,406
Administrative		84,220
Office Facilities		29,094
Professional Fees		17,250
Equipment		12,886
Directors Fees		4,707
Public Information		4,286
Lodging and Transportation		918
Total Expenditures		1,151,767
Revenues over (under) expenditures		72,734
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		498,052
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	570,786

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 72,734
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change of property tax receivable reported in the statement of activities does not provide current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as revenue in the	
governmental fund.	2,360
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 75,094



## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1 is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was created by the Bexar County Commissioners' Court after a Public Election on May 13, 2001. The District was created to provide emergency services and promote public safety, welfare, health and convenience of persons residing in the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

#### A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there was no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported mainly by property taxes.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund meets the criteria of a *major governmental fund*. The District has no other governmental funds.

#### NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes which were levied prior to September 30, 2021, and became due October 1, 2021 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

**The General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, emergency services and management.

The District has no other major governmental funds.

### D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

#### E. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d); or, (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The District has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts or certificates of deposit. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly.

#### F. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

#### G. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as inflow of resource in the period the amount becomes available.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue.

#### H. FUND BALANCE

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

#### NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

#### H. FUND BALANCE (Cont.)

Restricted – Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – Represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The District may make assignments and has chosen not to delegate that authority to any other individuals.

Unassigned – Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the District.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the District wishes restricted balances to be spent first, committed second, and assigned third.

#### I. NET POSITION

Net Position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### J. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assigned – Represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The District may make assignments and has chosen not to delegate that authority to any other individuals.

Unassigned – Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the District.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the District wishes restricted balances to be spent first, committed second, and assigned third.

#### NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

#### L. NET POSITION

Net Position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### M. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### 1. Cash

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits in the bank was \$576,715 and the bank balance was \$618,730. Deposits in the bank balances were covered by federal deposit insurance. Deposits in excess of FDIC were covered by pledged securities. All of the District's cash was fully collateralized.

#### 2. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: 1) safety of principal and liquidity, 2) portfolio diversification, 3) allowable investments, 4) acceptable risk levels, 5) expected rates of return, 6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, 7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, 8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and 9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

#### **NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS** (Cont.)

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper,

The District had no investments at September 30, 2022.

#### 3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At yearend, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### **NOTE 3 -- AD VALOREM (PROPERTY) TAXES**

Taxes were levied on and payable as of October 1. The District has contracted with the Bexar County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For tax year 2021, the assessed tax rate for the District was \$0.0965 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$1,268,968,646 used to fund 2022 activities. Total tax levy for fiscal year 2022 was \$1,224,682. As of September 30, 2022, the delinquent current taxes for 2022 were \$25,401.

#### **NOTE 4 -- CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Litigation

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

Asserted Claims and Assessments

There is one asserted claim or assessment from the City of Converse on the payments by the District of the City for emergency services that, if asserted, would have a reasonable possibility of an unfavorable outcome, pursuant to the applicable requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 5, to my knowledge. We are not certain at this time as to what amount of funds may be owed, The District is currently working through the City's calculations to determine what amount, if any, may be owed.

#### NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATION OF EXPENDITURES

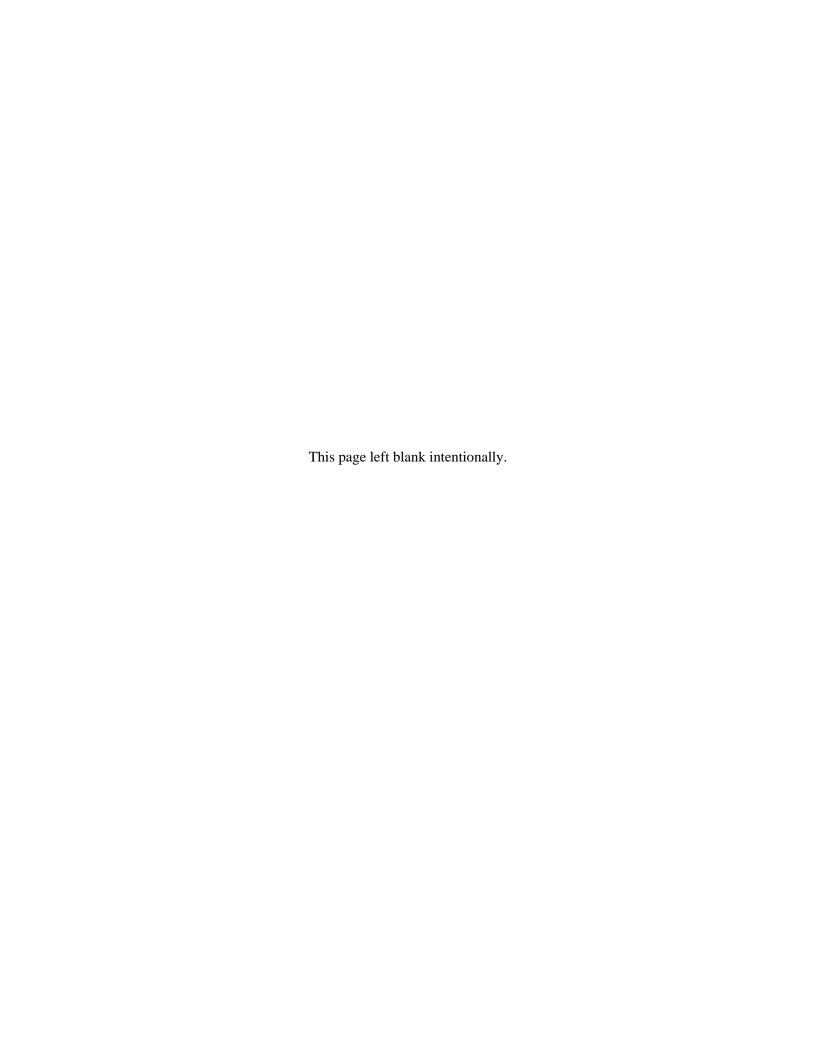
For fiscal year 2022, the District paid the City of Converse \$998,406 for emergency services to the District. These costs represented 87% of the District's total expenditures. The District, upon approval of the board, can provide additional necessary funds to the Department to deliver contracted services.

#### **NOTE 6 – SERVICE PROVIDERS**

The District is currently engaged with the City of Converse to provide emergency services to the District. The District pays a fixed quarterly amount to the service provider.

#### **NOTE 7 -- RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To cover this risk the District contracts with the Volunteer Firemen's Insurance Services (VFIS) of Texas to provide insurance coverage for Property/Casualty. VFIS is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by VFIS. Liability by the District is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$965.



## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

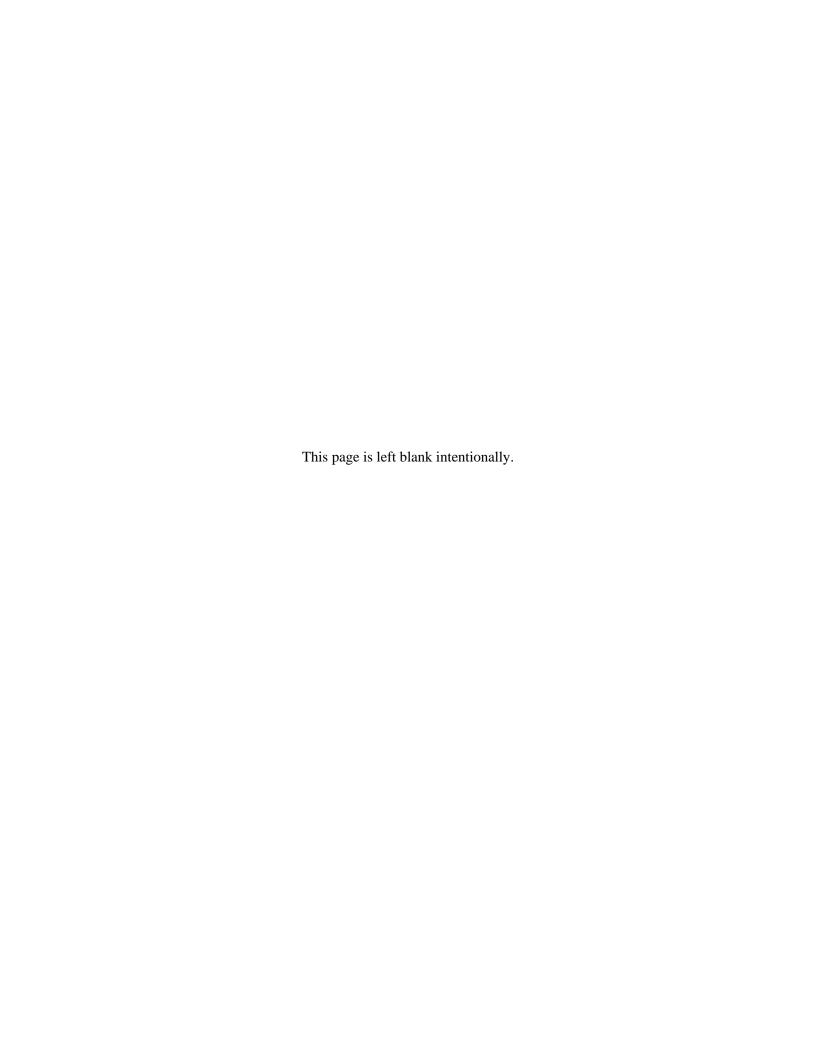
### GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts							ariance vorable
	Original					Actual		avorable)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,182,917	\$	1,182,917	\$	1,209,249	\$	26,332
Delinquent Taxes		6,000		6,000		15,111		9,111
Interest and Other Income		100		100		141		41
TOTAL REVENUES		1,189,017		1,189,017		1,224,501		35,484
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Emergency Services		958,163		958,163		998,406		(40,243)
Administrative		90,800		94,800		84,220		10,580
Office Facilities		33,700		35,725		29,094		6,631
Professional Fees		13,200		17,975		17,250		725
Equipment		-		15,000		12,886		2,114
Directors Fees		3,000		5,000		4,707		293
Public Information		800		800		4,286		(3,486)
Lodging and Transportation		3,000		3,000		918		2,082
Lodging & Transportation		2,750		2,750		-	. <u></u>	2,750
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,105,413		1,133,213		1,151,767		(18,554)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		83,604		55,804		72,734		16,930
Fund Balance - October 1		498,052		498,052		498,052		
Fund Balance - September 30	\$	581,656	\$	553,856	\$	570,786	\$	16,930

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Budgetary Information** – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's Board and as such is a good management control device.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2022.



#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Balance Sheet General Fund
- Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

## BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 576,715	\$ 502,249
Taxes Receivable	25,800	24,666
Total Assets	602,515	526,915
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	4,235	3,702
Payroll Liabilities	2,093	2,120
Total Liabilities	6,328	5,822
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	25,401	23,041
Fund Balance		
Unassigned	570,786	498,052
Total Fund Balance	570,786	498,052
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 602,515	\$ 526,915

### BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GENERAL FUND

## FOR YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 1,224,360	\$ 1,133,648
Interest and Other Income	141	65
Total Revenues	1,224,501	1,133,713
EXPENDITURES		
Emergency Services	998,406	883,716
Administrative	84,220	81,958
Office Facilities	29,094	27,451
Professional Fees	17,250	7,307
Equipment	12,886	4,747
Directors Fees	4,707	9,402
Public Information	4,286	-
Lodging and Transportation	918	5,472
Total Expenditures	1,151,767	1,020,053
Revenues over (under) expenditures	72,734	113,660
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	498,052	384,392
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 570,786	\$ 498,052

