BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

DISTRICT OFFICIALS

PRESIDENT	ALICE MURPHY
VICE PRESIDENT	EDDIE ORTIZ
SECRETARY/TREASURER	STACY GEORGE
ASSISTANT/TREASURER	BENARDO GALINDO
MEMBER	ROBERT HOGAN

ATTORNEY BURNS, ANDERSON, JURY & BRENNER, LLP AUDITOR MARGARET NIXON, CPA

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

District Commissioners Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether these are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our

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opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risk. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such, information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and our knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's basic financial statements. The comparative financial statements are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

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Margaret Nixon, CPA San Antonio, Texas May 28, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$824,856 at September 30, 2023.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$228,669 less than the \$1,591,998 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased by \$211,562 from last year, but no programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$793,690.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—*management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.* The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement*s*.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

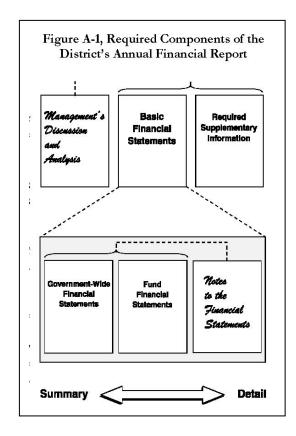


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. M	lajor Features of the District's Governm	nent-wide and Fund Financial Statements
		Fund Statement
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary.
<i>Required financial</i> <i>statements</i>	Statement of Net Position. Statement of activities.	 Balance Sheet. Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.
<i>Type of asset/liability information</i>	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used-up and liabilities that become due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included.
<i>Type of inflow/outflow information</i>	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities as applicable. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as Emergency Services and general administration. Property and Sales taxes finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• *Governmental funds*—All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$824,856 at September 30, 2023. (See Table A-1).

The \$824,856 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund next year programs.

Table A-1 Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1 Net Position

(Amounts in thousands)

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			Total
	Govern	Percentage	
	Activ	Change	
	2023	2023 - 2022	
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1107.9	\$ 576.7	92.1%
Taxes Receivable	31.2	25.8	20.9%
TOTAL ASSETS	1,139.1	602.5	89.1%
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	311.5	4.2	7316.7%
Payroll Liabilities	2.7	2.1	28.6%
Total Liabilities	314.2	6.3	4887.3%
Net Position			
Unrestricted	824.9	596.2	38.4%
TOTAL NET POSITION	824.9	596.2	38.4%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$1,139.1	\$ 602.5	89.1%

Changes in Net Position. The District's total revenues were \$1,591,998. The District revenues come from taxes, charges for services, and interest income. There was no state aid or grants during the fiscal year.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$1,363,329.

Governmental Activities

The property tax rate was \$0.100 per \$100 and property tax revenues resulted in an increase of \$364,265.

Table A-2 Changes in District's Net Position (Amounts in thousands)

Governmental Activities

Total Percentage

	_	Activ	Change																														
		2023	2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2023 - 2022
General Revenues																																	
Total General Revenues	_	1,592.0	\$	1,226.9	29.8%																												
Total Revenues		1,592.0		1,226.9	29.8%																												
General Expenses																																	
General Administration		157.3		153.4	2.5%																												
Emergency Services		1,206.1		998.4	20.8%																												
Total Expenses		1,363.4		1,151.8	18.4%																												
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	228.6	\$	75.1	204.4%																												

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities). The net cost reflects what was funded by local tax dollars.

• The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$1,363,329 and were financed 100% through property taxes.

Table A-3 Net Cost of Selected District Functions (Amounts in thousands)

,		,		Total
	Govern	Percentage		
	Activ	Change		
	 2023		2022	2023 - 2022
General Expenses				
General Administration	\$ 157.3	\$	153.4	2.5%
Emergency Services	 1,206.1		998.4	20.8%
Total Expenses	\$ 1,363.4	\$	1,151.8	18.4%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$1,586,233. The increase in local revenues is a result of growth. Additionally, significant population growth will result in increased expenses for emergency services.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget. Actual expenditures were \$17,462 less than budget amounts. The most significant variances resulted from emergency services and administrative expenses.

Revenues were \$98,724 more than final budgeted amount. The increase in revenues is due to collections being higher than expected.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2023, the District had no capital assets.

Long Term Debt

As of September 30, 2023, the District had no outstanding long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2024 budget preparation has increased and revenue projections have increased.
- General operating fund spending increased in the 2024 budget from the 2023 actual expenditures of \$1,363,329 to \$1,526,919. This is a 12% increase.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2024. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$1,639,221, an increase of 3.3% over the 2023 actual revenue of \$1,586,233. Property taxes will increase due to growth. The District will adjust expenditures to finance programs the District currently offers.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Administrator.

Mailing Address: 8275 FM78 #2, Converse, TX 78109 Telephone: 210-310-1838 Web Site: https://esd1.org/

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements: - Governmental funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,107,920
Taxes Receivable		31,166
TOTAL ASSETS		1,139,086
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		311,516
Payroll Liabilities		2,714
Total Liabilities		314,230
Net Position		
Unrestricted		824,856
TOTAL NET POSITION		824,856
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,139,086

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	_	Program Revenues				et Revenue Expense)	
Functions and Programs	 Expenses	f	rges or vices	Grant	ating s and outions	-	Total overnment Activities
Governmental Activities							
General Administration Emergency Services	\$ (157,266) (1,206,063)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(157,266) (1,206,063)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ (1,363,329)	\$	-	\$	-		(1,363,329)
General Revenues Property Taxes Other Income Total General Revenues							1,590,985 1,013 1,591,998
Change in Net Position							228,669
Net Position at Beginning of Year							596,187
Net Position at End of Year						\$	824,856

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,107,920
Taxes Receivable	31,166
Total Assets	1,139,086
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	311,516
Payroll Liabilities	2,714
Total Liabilities	314,230
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	31,166
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	793,690
Total Fund Balance	793,690
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,139,086

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BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$ 793,690
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Taxes receivable on the Statement of Net Position that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.	31,166
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 824,856

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	 General Fund
REVENUES	
Taxes	\$ 1,585,220
Interest and Other Income	 1,013
Total Revenues	 1,586,233
EXPENDITURES	
Emergency Services	1,206,063
Administrative	89,408
Office Facilities	30,808
Professional Fees	15,022
Equipment	8,689
Directors Fees	4,925
Public Information	4,235
Membership Fees	2,350
Lodging and Transportation	 1,829
Total Expenditures	 1,363,329
Revenues over (under) expenditures	222,904
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	570,786
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 793,690

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 222,904
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change of property tax receivable reported in the statement of activities does not provide current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as revenue in the	
governmental fund.	5,765
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 228,669

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1 is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was created by the Bexar County Commissioners' Court after a Public Election on May 13, 2001. The District was created to provide emergency services and promote public safety, welfare, health and convenience of persons residing in the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there was no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported mainly by property taxes.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund meets the criteria of a *major governmental fund*. The District has no other governmental funds.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT

PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes which were levied prior to September 30, 2022, and became due October 1, 2022 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2022.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration, emergency services and management.

The District has no other major governmental funds.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

E. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d); or, (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations. The District has all its monies in interest bearing checking accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts or certificates of deposit. Earnings from these investments are added to each account monthly or quarterly.

F. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

G. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF REVENUES

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as inflow of resource in the period the amount becomes available.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue.

H. FUND BALANCE

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted – Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

H. FUND BALANCE (Cont.)

of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned – Represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The District may make assignments and has chosen not to delegate that authority to any other individuals.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the District.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the District wishes restricted balances to be spent first, committed second, and assigned third.

L. NET POSITION

Net Position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

M. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledge securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. <u>Cash</u>

At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits in the bank was \$1,107,920. and the bank balance was \$1,107,920. Deposits in the bank balances were covered by federal deposit insurance. Deposits in excess of FDIC were covered by pledged securities. All of the District's cash was fully collateralized.

NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS (Cont.)

2. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: 1) safety of principal and liquidity, 2) portfolio diversification, 3) allowable investments, 4) acceptable risk levels, 5) expected rates of return, 6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, 7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, 8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and 9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper,

The District had no investments at September 30, 2023.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

The risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 2 -- CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS (Cont.)

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At yearend, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 3 -- AD VALOREM (PROPERTY) TAXES

Taxes were levied on and payable as of October 1. The District has contracted with the Bexar County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For tax year 2022, the assessed tax rate for the District was \$0.1000 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$1,584,605,399 used to fund 2023 activities. Total tax levy for fiscal year 2023 was 1,584,605. As of September 30, 2023, the delinquent current taxes for 2023 were \$31,166.

NOTE 4 -- CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATION OF EXPENDITURES

For fiscal year 2023, the District paid the City of Converse \$1,206,063 for emergency services to the District. These costs represented 88% of the District's total expenditures.

NOTE 6 – SERVICE PROVIDERS

The District is currently engaged with the City of Converse to provide emergency services to the District. The District pays a fixed quarterly amount to the service provider.

NOTE 7 -- RISK MANAGEMENT

The Bexar County Emergency Services District No. 1, is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To cover this risk the District contracts with the Volunteer Firemen's Insurance Services (VFIS) of Texas to provide insurance coverage for Property/Casualty. VFIS is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop-loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by VFIS. Liability by the District is generally limited to the contributed amounts. Annual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$1,417.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budget Amounts					Variance Favorable		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,481,409	\$	1,481,409	\$	1,558,903	\$	77,494
Delinquent Taxes		6,000		6,000		26,317		20,317
Interest and Other Income		100		100		1,013		913
TOTAL REVENUES		1,487,509		1,487,509		1,586,233		98,724
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Emergency Services		1,199,941		1,199,941		1,206,063		(6,122)
Administrative		95,800		95,800		89,408		6,392
Office Facilities		36,000		36,000		30,808		5,192
Professional Fees		17,500		17,500		15,022		2,478
Equipment		20,000		20,000		8,689		11,311
Directors Fees		5,000		5,000		4,925		75
Public Information		800		800		4,235		(3,435)
Membership Fees		3,000		3,000		2,350		650
Lodging and Transportation		2,750		2,750		1,829		921
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,380,791		1,380,791		1,363,329		17,462
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		106,718		106,718		222,904		116,186
Fund Balance - October 1		570,786		570,786		570,786		-
Fund Balance - September 30	\$	677,504	\$	677,504	\$	793,690	\$	116,186

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Budgetary Information – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's Board and as such is a good management control device.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2023.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Comparative Balance Sheet General Fund
- Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,107,920	\$ 576,715
Taxes Receivable	31,166	25,800
Total Assets	1,139,086	602,515
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	311,516	4,235
Payroll Liabilities	2,714	2,093
Total Liabilities	314,230	6,328
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	31,166	25,401
Fund Balance		
Unassigned	793,690	570,786
Total Fund Balance	793,690	570,786
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,139,086	\$ 602,515

BEXAR COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1 COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GENERAL FUND FOR YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 1,585,220	\$ 1,224,360
Interest and Other Income	1,013	141
Total Revenues	1,586,233	1,224,501
EXPENDITURES		
Emergency Services	1,206,063	998,406
Administrative	89,408	84,220
Office Facilities	30,808	29,094
Professional Fees	15,022	17,250
Equipment	8,689	12,886
Directors Fees	4,925	4,707
Public Information	4,235	4,286
Membership Fees	2,350	-
Lodging and Transportation	1,829	918
Total Expenditures	1,363,329	1,151,767
Revenues over (under) expenditures	222,904	72,734
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	570,786	498,052
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 793,690	\$ 570,786